

Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for

Wall Tile

manufactured by Hitit Seramik

Programme:
The International EPD® System
www.environdec.com

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Product Category Rules (PCR): 2019:14 Version 1.2.5, 2024-12-20, Construction Products and
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Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

EPD process certification EPD verification

Third party verifier: Prof. Vladimír Kocí
Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes No

About Hitit Seramik

Established on October 17, 1989 for the production of Ceramic Floor and Wall Tiles, Hitit Seramik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. started its activities on February 22, 1991 with a total capacity of 2 million m² including 1,000,000 m² Wall Tiles and 1,000,000 m² Floor Tiles in the first stage on 500,000 m² land located in Uşak Organized Industrial Zone. Hitit Seramik entered into a rapid growth process as a result of the new investment activities that were accelerated following the installation and production and the production capacity of 10 million m² was achieved in 76,000 m² closed factories complex within a short period of time.

Capacity and product type increase was required and so, a decision on new investments made in 2004 and works were started rapidly in the face of domestic and international markets' trust and intense demands of Hitit Seramik products, brand, and quality in the 2000s. 40,000 m² additional closed factory buildings were built and completed with the company's own resources in a short period of time and 20 million m² capacity was achieved by reaching to an additional production capacity of 10 million m².

The history of *Hitit Seramik*

that always aims to produce and present

the *cutting edge and bettermost*

...

It was aimed to present new and pioneering products that can be produced with special technologies and machines to Turkey and world markets by conducting extensive researches in investment studies and this has been achieved. Hitit Seramik has become one of the rare production facilities of the world that can produce the most sizes and types of coating materials in a production facility today with the power of its new investments.

These targets of Hitit Seramik, which always aims to produce the cutting edge and the bettermost, were achieved by identifying the needs of the user accurately, capturing innovative and creative approaches to respond to these constantly changing needs, creating a competitive structure within itself, conducting rigorous and forward-looking research in all investments, selecting the right technology and machinery, allocating large financial resources, and exhausting, but tasteful studies.

About Wall Tile



Product Description

It is a low-density, coarser, granular and porous inorganic material with a different recipe compared to porcelain tiles obtained by heating and hardening ceramic clay soil. It is popularly known as terracotta. Due to the high amount of porosity (pore ratio) in the ceramic tiles, they absorb water into their body and therefore do not have frost resistance. The cooking temperature is between 1100-1150. Ceramic tile should only be used indoors. They are materials with low strength and no thermal shock resistance. They distinguish between wall and floor tiles according to the firing temperature and the glaze feature.

Wall tiles cannot be laid on the floor as they have low impact and abrasion resistance.

UN CPC code for Wall Tiles is 37310.

Product Area of Application

It is used for covering all interior wall surfaces. For example: Wet area walls such as bathroom-kitchen, storage walls, decorative walls.

Raw Material	Composition, %	Packaging Material	Weight, %/m ²
Kaolin	10-20	Cardboard	7
Clay	40-50	Wood	89
Calcite	5-15	Plastic	3
Feldspar	15-20	Glue	<1
Others	0-5	Label	<1

LCA Information

> Goal and Scope

Evaluation of environmental impacts for 1 m² average tiles from cradle to grave.

> System Boundary

The system boundary of the Hitit Seramik Tiles are cradle to grave with module D.

	Product Stage			Construction Process Stage		Use Stage							End of Life Stage			Benefits and Loads	
	Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction/ Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction & Demolition	Transport	Waste Processing		Disposal
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules Declared	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Geography	TR			GLO													
Specific Data Used	>90%					-											
Variation - products	0%					-											
Variation - Sites	0%					-											

Description of the system boundary (X = Included in LCA, NR: Not Relevant)*

> Database and LCA Software

Ecoinvent 3.8 and SimPro 9.3 is used for the calculation.

> Data Quality

Raw materials, energy and water consumption, waste generation, material and product transport data are primary data collected from Hitit Seramik.

> Period Under Review

All primary data collected from Yurtbay is for the period year of 2021.

> Declared Unit

1 m² average tile with an average weight of 18 kg.

> Geographical Scope

The geographical scope of this EPD is Türkiye.

**Note: The LCA was modelled for specific product at plant so there is no variation.*

**Note: All primary data is taken from Hitit Seramik and Ecoinvent was used for secondary data.*

System Boundary

A1-A3

Raw Material Supply, Transport & Manufacturing

A1 represents raw material supply which includes raw material extraction and pre-treatment processes before production. A2 relevant to raw material transportation to the plant and A3 refers to the impact occurs from manufacturing process.

A4

Product Transport

This stage is relevant to the transportation of the final product from the factory gate to the customers.

A5

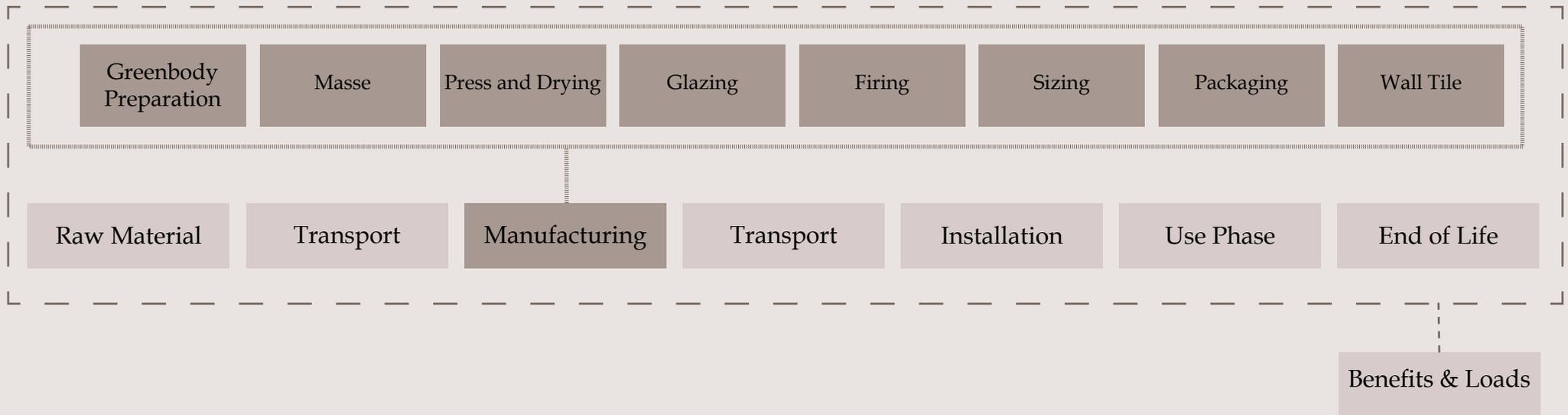
Installation

This stage includes the adhesive mortar and water usage in the construction site. For 1 m² tile installation; 6 kg mortar and 1.5L water usage was advised by Hitit Seramik.

B1

Use

Tiles do not cause any emissions in the use stage because of their inert feature.



System Boundary

B2

Maintenance

Hitit Seramik advises to use 0.2 mL detergent and rinse with 0.1 L tap water after cleaning. The results are given for a one-time cleaning activity, as the activity will vary by user.

B3-B5

Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment

Tiles do not require any repairment during the use phase and therefore no impacts should be declared.

B6-7

Operational Energy Use and Operational Water Use

Tiles do not require any water and energy in the use phase and therefore no impacts occurred in this module.

C1

Deconstruction/Demolition

Deconstruction of tiles at the end of their life is done manually. So no impact occurs in this module.

C2

Waste Transport

Waste transport includes discarded tiles and mortar to disposal area. Distance from demolition site to inert landfill site for final disposal is assumed as 50 km.

C3

Waste Processing

Environmental impacts generated during the crushing of discarded tiles before recycle or reuse are very low. Therefore, impacts are neglected.

C4

Disposal

Tiles end up at construction and demolition waste landfills at their end of life and modelled as such in this LCA.

D

Benefits & Loads

Inert filler benefits and recycling of packaging materials specified in the disposal stage.

LCA Results

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG	kg CO ₂ eq	10.2	0.868	7.74	0	1.08	0	0	0.200	0	0.510	-0.674
Acronyms	GWP-GHG = Global Warming Potential total excl. biogenic carbon following IPCC AR5 methodology which excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator.											



Information on biogenic carbon content according to EN 15804+A2		
Biogenic Carbon Content	Unit	Quantity
Biogenic Carbon Content in Product	kg C	0.036
Biogenic Carbon Content in Packaging	kg C	-0.003

LCA Results

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP- Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	10.3	0.876	7.92	0	0.405	0	0	0.202	0	0.314	-0.680
GWP- Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	0.050	0.002	0.151	0	0.255	0	0	542E-6	0	0.073	-0.002
GWP- Luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	0.022	383E-6	0.008	0	0.627	0	0	80.7E-6	0	316E-6	-0.002
GWP- Total	kg CO ₂ eq	10.4	0.878	8.08	0	1.29	0	0	0.202	0	0.387	-0.685
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	983E-9	188E-9	770E-9	0	63.2E-9	0	0	46.8E-9	0	94.8E-9	-132E-9
AP	mol H ⁺ eq	0.037	0.008	0.052	0	0.005	0	0	574E-6	0	0.003	-0.006
*EP - Freshwater	kg P eq	0.004	78.7E-6	0.003	0	0.004	0	0	13.2E-6	0	90.6E-6	-76.5E-6
EP - Freshwater	kg PO ₄ eq	0.011	241E-6	0.008	0	0.011	0	0	40.5E-6	0	277E-6	-234E-6
EP - Marine	kg N eq	0.008	0.002	0.009	0	0.005	0	0	116E-6	0	983E-6	-0.002
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	0.074	0.021	0.089	0	0.017	0	0	1.27E-3	0	0.010	-0.021
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	0.020	0.005	0.026	0	0.003	0	0	329E-6	0	0.002	-0.005
ADPE	kg Sb eq	41.4E-6	2.30E-6	142E-6	0	8.42E-6	0	0	716E-9	0	1.02E-6	-3.98E-6
ADPF	MJ	135	12.8	114	0	4.21	0	0	3.06	0	7.33	-9.68
WDP	m ³ depriv.	2.55	0.053	4.87	0	2.43	0	0	0.009	0	0.318	-0.835
PM	disease inc.	232E-9	52.0E-9	457E-9	0	70.9E-9	0	0	12.8E-9	0	51.1E-9	-64.1E-9
IR	kBq U-235 eq	0.358	0.064	0.478	0	0.030	0	0	0.016	0	0.035	-0.049
ETP-FW	CTUe	109	10.5	267	0	62.5	0	0	2.40	0	5.36	-9.19
HTP-C	CTUh	2.45E-9	317E-12	10.5E-9	0	1.17E-9	0	0	77.2E-12	0	225E-12	-525E-12
HTP-NC	CTUh	76.9E-9	9.65E-9	255E-9	0	24.0E-9	0	0	2.42E-9	0	3.58E-9	-9.45E-9
SQP	Pt	25.1	7.39	66.2	0	39.5	0	0	2.21	0	18.1	-21.7
Acronyms	GWP-total: Climate change. GWP-fossil: Climate change- fossil. GWP- biogenic: Climate change - biogenic. GWP-luluc: Climate change - land use and transformation. ODP: Ozone layer depletion. AP: Acidification terrestrial and freshwater. EP-freshwater: Eutrophication freshwater. EP-marine: Eutrophication marine. EP-terrestrial: Eutrophication terrestrial. POCP: Photochemical oxidation. ADPE: Abiotic depletion - elements. ADPF: Abiotic depletion - fossil resources. WDP: Water scarcity. PM: Respiratory inorganic - particulate matter. IR: Ionising radiation. ETP-FW: Ecotoxicity freshwater. HTP-c: Cancer human health effects. HTP-nc: Non-cancer human health effects. SQP: Land use related impacts. soil quality.											
Legend	A1: Raw Material Supply. A2: Transport. A3: Manufacturing. A1-A3: Sum of A1, A2, and A3. A4: Transport to Site. A5: Installation. B1: Use. B2: Maintenance. B3: Repair. B4: Replacement. B5: Refurbishment. B6:Operational Energy Use. B7: Operational Water Use C1: De-Construction. C2: Waste Transport. C3: Waste Processing. C4: Disposal. D: Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundary.											
Disclaimer 1	This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.											
Disclaimer 2	The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.											
Disclaimer 3*	EP-freshwater: This indicator has been calculated as "kg P eq" as required in the characterization model. (EUTREND model. Struijs et al. 2009b. as implemented in ReCiPe; http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.xhtml)											

LCA Results

RESOURCE USE												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	9.35	0.183	7.29	0	18.6	0	0	0.044	0	0.126	-0.212
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	9.35	0.183	7.29	0	18.6	0	0	0.044	0	0.126	-0.212
PENRE	MJ	135	12.8	114	0	4.98	0	0	3.06	0	7.33	-9.7
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	135	12.8	114	0	4.98	0	0	3.06	0	7.33	-9.7
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m ³	0.073	0.002	0.111	0	0.123	0	0	0.001	0	0.008	-0.063
Acronyms	PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water.											
WASTE OUTPUT FLOWS												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	0.064	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24.0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acronyms	HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy thermal.											

References

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 4.0.

/EN ISO 9001/ Quality Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 14001/ Environmental Management Systems - Requirements

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre. www.ecoinvent.org

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations – General principles

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10. Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute. Swedish Environmental Protection Agency. SP Trä. Swedish Wood Preservation Institute. Swedisol. SCDA. Svenskt Limträ AB. SSAB. The International EPD System. 2019:14 Version 1.11 DATE 2019-12-20

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